

Appendix K

Monthly Waste Flow Table

Total C&D waste generated	52697.02 tonnes	a1=b+c+d+e+f+g+h+i+j+k+l+m
Total C&D waste generated (excluded excavated materials)	778.22 tonne	a2=c+d+e+f+g+h+i+j+k+l+m
Total recycled C&D waste	109.84 tonne	a3=c+d+e+h+i+j+k
% of recycled C&D waste	14.11 %	a4=a3/a2 x 100%

Notes:

- (1) metal, paper & plastic were collected by recycler
- (2) The performance target of waste recycling are specified in the Contract.
- (3) The waste flow table shall also include C&D materials that are specified in the Contract to be imported for use at the Site.
- (4) Plastics refer to plastic bottles/ containers, plastic/ foam from packaging material.
- (5) Broken concrete for recycling into aggregates.
- (6) Excavated materials/waste will NOT be considered as part of construction waste. It should be excluded in the calculation.
- (7) Disposal of inert waste to public fill or sorting facilities will NOT be considered as recycled waste.

Monthly Waste Flow Table for July 2026

Project: LAMMA POWER STATION EXTENSION – Unit 13 Complete Erection, Inspection, Testing & Commissioning of Power Block Facilities
 Contractor: Taihei Dengyo Kaisha, Ltd.
 Record by: October Wong
 Year of Record: 2026

MM.YYYY	Actual Quantities of Inert C&D Materials Generated Monthly								Actual Quantities of Non-inert C&D Materials Generated Monthly					
	Excavated Materials			Non-excavated Materials										
	Disposed in Public Fill	Disposed in Sorting Facilities	Others (e.g Reused in the Contract / Other Projects)	Broken Concrete or Construction Waste Collected by Recycled Company	Reused in the Contract	Reused in other Projects	Disposed in Public Fill	Disposed in Sorting Facilities	Metals (steel bar / metal strip) ⁽¹⁾	Metals (aluminum can) ⁽¹⁾	Paper / cardboard packaging ⁽¹⁾	Plastics ^{(1) & (4)}	Chemical waste (wasted lubricant oil/oil container)	Other, e.g. general refuse
	(in '000kg)	(in '000kg)	(in '000kg)	(in '000kg)	(in '000kg)	(in '000kg)	(in '000kg)	(in '000kg)	(in '000kg)	(in '000kg)	(in '000kg)	(in '000kg)	(in '000kg)	(in '000kg)
Jun-26	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Jul-26	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Aug-26														
Sep-26														
Oct-26														
Nov-26														
Dec-26														
Total	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Total Inert C&D Waste Materials Generated	Non-inert C&D Materials		
	C&D Materials Recycled	C&D Waste Disposed of at Landfill	Chemical Waste
0.00 tonnes	0.00 tonnes	0.00 tonnes	0.00 tonnes

- Where (A) Inert C&D materials include bricks, concrete, building debris, rubble and excavated spoil. In total, 0.00 tonnes of inert C&D material were generated from the Project, of which 0 tonnes were reused in this and other contracts, and the remaining 0.00 tonnes were disposed in Public Fill and Sorting Facilities.
- (b) Non-inert C&D materials (construction wastes) include metals, paper / cardboard packaging waste, plastics and other wastes such as general refuse. Metals generated from the Project were grouped into construction wastes as the materials were not disposed of with others at the public fill.
- (c) 0 kg of metals, 0 kg of papers/ cardboard packing and 0 kg of plastics were sent to recyclers for recycling during the reporting period.
- (d) Construction wastes other than metals, paper/cardboard packaging, plastics and chemicals were disposed of at Landfill.

Notes:

- (1) metal, paper & plastic were collected by recycler
- (2) The performance target of waste recycling are specified in the Contract.
- (3) The waste flow table shall also include C&D materials that are specified in the Contract to be imported for use at the Site.
- (4) Plastics refer to plastic bottles/ containers, plastic/ foam from packaging material.
- (5) Broken concrete for recycling into aggregates.
- (6) Disposal of inert waste to public fill or sorting facilities will **NOT** be considered as recycled waste.
- (7) Assume Lube Oil Density = 700 kg/m³
- (8) 1 m³ = 1000 L